Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Yucatan strictly prohibit the transportation of any person who has died of any contagious disease. So strict is this law interpreted that it is impossible to transport bodies from one town to the other even to inter them in the family burying ground. Hence any attempt looking to the exhumation and transportation of bodies from here to the United States can only result in failure.

Respectfully, EDWARD THOMPSON,
United States Consul.

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

Report from Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, MEXICO, *December 8, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report for the week ended December 8: There were 6 cases of yellow fever and 1 case of smallpox reported, but no deaths from either disease. The general mortality report has not yet been received in this office, but will be forwarded Monday. During the week 7 vessels were issued bills of health and health certificates issued to 32 passengers. One hundred and thirty-seven passengers left here during the week on American-bound vessels, but as the majority were for Mexican ports, and, exceptnig the Havana passengers, all the others being for New York, where the quarantine has been raised during the winter, they were not issued health certificates. The last norther brought the thermometer down to 68, and the overcoat and sweater were very much in evidence. This temperature is frigid in this locality and can be relied upon to put an end to the yellow fever cases. The health of the shipping continues excellent, there being little sickness of any character in the harbor.

Respectfully, SAML. H. HODGSON,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MOROCCO.

Quarantine station near Tangier to be moved from Mogador Island to Torre Blanquilla or Malabata Point.

TANGIER, *November 16, 1900.*

SIR: The Department will recall in my No. 236 of February 19, 1900, I reported that, with the consent of the Moorish authorities, a quarantine station was established on the island of Mogador for the past year only. The medical director, who was selected by the diplomatic corps and appointed by the Moorish Government, has now closed the said quarantine station, there being no more pilgrims returning from Mecca this year. The said medical director has reported that he considered the island of Mogador an unsuitable place for the station for the reason that, being such a distance down the coast, many pilgrims were landed at intervening points secretly, thus rendering the quarantine of no avail.

The conseil sanitaire have decided that it is absolutely necessary that the quarantine station for returning pilgrims should be at a place where more careful supervision could be exercised over it. They have accordingly instructed the German minister, who is now at the Shereefian court, to secure permission of the Moorish Government to permanently

locate the quarantine station at a point called Torre Blanquilla or Malabata Point which is situated across the bay from the city of Tangier.

Respectfully, S. R. GUMMERE,
United States Consul-General.

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Reports from Manila—No plague or smallpox during the week ended October 27.

MANILA, P. I., *November 5, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that no cases of plague or smallpox were reported in Manila during the week ended October 27, 1900. During this period 223 deaths from all causes occurred.

Respectfully, J. C. PERRY,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M.H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer of the Philippine Islands.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Three cases of plague and 1 death for the week ended November 3.

MANILA, P. I., *November 10, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that 3 cases of plague, with 1 death, were reported in Manila during the week ended November 3, 1900; all Chinese. No smallpox occurred in the city during this period. The total number of deaths for this week was 191.

Respectfully, J. C. PERRY,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer of the Philippine Islands.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

No new cases of plague for week ended November 10.

MANILA, P. I., *November 12, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that no cases of plague or smallpox occurred in Manila during the week ended November 10, 1900. Two hundred and forty deaths from all causes occurred during this period.

Respectfully, J. C. PERRY,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer of the Philippine Islands.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Maritime quarantine transactions for the month of October, 1900.

MANILA, P. I., *November 11, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit report of quarantine transactions for the month of October, 1900, as follows:

Manila.

Bills of health issued—	
To foreign ports	53
To domestic ports	203
Number of vessels inspected—	
To foreign ports	2
From foreign ports	56
From domestic ports	237